



## Perun Description

Michal Procházka, Michal Šťava,  
Slávek Licehammer

# History



- Perun v1
  - Supercomputing center in Brno
- Perun v2
  - local Grid computing site
- Perun v3
  - National Grid Infrastructure
  - Identity Federations
  - Global AAI
  - Joint development: CERIT-SC and CESNET

# Motivation



- National Grid infrastructure
  - users from different institutions
  - different resource providers
- Difficult to manage distributed entities
- User registration is needed
  - users already have some digital identity
- Delegation of the rights to manage entities
- Configuration of the access rights
- Fill the gap between users and end services

# Perun Manages



- Virtual organizations
- Users
- Groups
- Resources
- Services
- Application forms
- Attributes, ...

# What is it? (Shortly)



- IAM - Identity and Access Management
- Grab user identity -> categorize -> assign resources -> let them use the resources

# Perun user interface

perun.cesnet.cz/fed/gui/#perun/vos;fac/detail?id=3343&active=1;fac/list;

Perun - CES... Disk Google Foodle :: Ško... 02. VO Mana... 01. Perun de... eduroam + l... MJRA1.1-Exi... eID - Disk G... Identity and... Perun web gui

**Perun** random

Name: **RNDr. Michal Procházka**  
Role: PERUN / SECURITY ADMIN [Logout](#)

**Perun admin** **Security admin** **VO manager** **Group manager** **Facility manager**

random ID: 3343 Description: null

Resources Allowed Groups Services status Services settings Services destinations Hosts Managers Security teams Blacklist Owners

[Create](#) [Delete](#) [Filter](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Resource ID	Name	Virtual Organization	Description	Count: 47
<input type="checkbox"/>	9097	apm	CESNET mailinglists	apm	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9098	ces-dr	CESNET mailinglists	ces-dr	
<input type="checkbox"/>	8960	ces-man	CESNET mailinglists	ces-man	
<input type="checkbox"/>	8961	ces-ved	CESNET mailinglists	ces-ved	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9099	ces-wg	CESNET mailinglists	ces-wg	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9100	cla-reports	CESNET mailinglists	cla-reports	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9101	cloud-ms	CESNET mailinglists	cloud-ms	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9102	complete	CESNET mailinglists	complete	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9103	csirt-l	CESNET mailinglists	csirt-l	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9105	du	CESNET mailinglists	du	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9106	du-alerts	CESNET mailinglists	du-alerts	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9107	du-monitoring	CESNET mailinglists	du-monitoring	

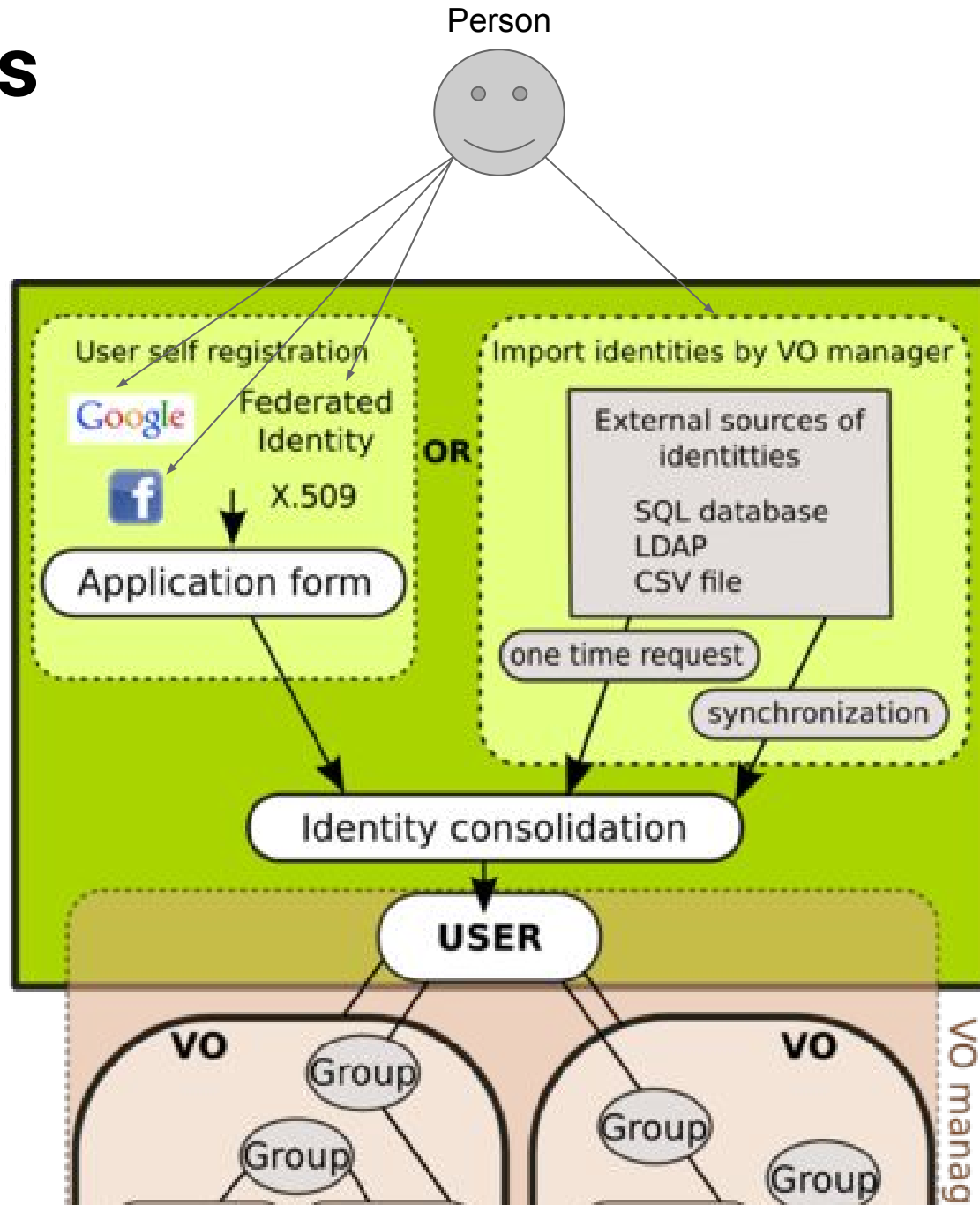
Select facility random Resources Allowed groups Services status Services settings Services destinations Hosts Managers Security teams Blacklist Owners All facilities states User



VO Administrator

Michal Procházka, Michal Šťava,  
Slávek Licehammer

# Entities







# User

- Represents physical person
- Ideally every person has only one user representation in Perun
- User can be identified using various digital identities
  - social/federated identity, digital certificate, ...



# Virtual Organization (VO)

- Basic entity for users categorization
- Special type of a group
- Defined membership rules
- Defined purpose
- At least one VO administrator
- Entity which can have an agreement with service providers



# Member

- Representation of user in VO
- Must obey VO membership rules
- Usually has limited lifetime
- One user can be member in several VOs



# Group

- Categorization entity inside the VO
- Provides delegation support
- Basic entity used for access control



# User lifecycle

1. Registration/import
2. Membership in VO
3. Membership in Groups
4. Access to the services
5. Membership renewal
6. Suspension/membership expiration



# How to become a user

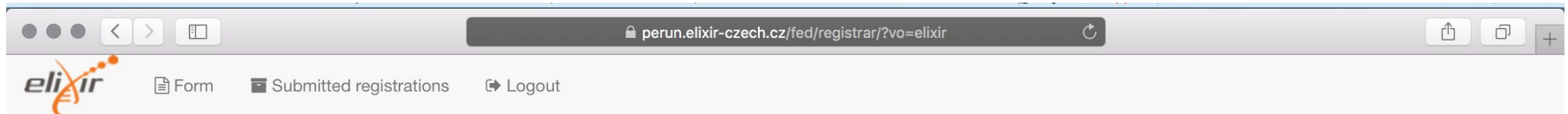
- Possess existing external identity supported by Perun
  - federated identity, social identity, digital certificate, ...
  - user's enrollment
- Import from existing identity management system
  - direct connection to the external system



# Enrollment management

- Every VO can define its own application form
  - request various information from the users
- Initial vs. extension application form
- Automatic vs. manual approval
- Text and notification customization
- Multilingual support

# Example of registration form



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `perun.elixir-czech.cz/fed/registrar/?vo=elixir`. The browser's address bar includes navigation buttons (back, forward, home) and a search icon. The page header features the ELIXIR logo on the left and navigation links for 'Form', 'Submitted registrations', and 'Logout' on the right.

## Registration

**Name \***

Pavel Procházka

**E-mail \***

 prochazka.pavel@gmail.com

Email with verification link will be sent to provided email address.

**Nickname \***

Nickname will be used by some of the ELIXIR services, e.g. wikis.

> Submit

Fields with \* are mandatory.





# Import

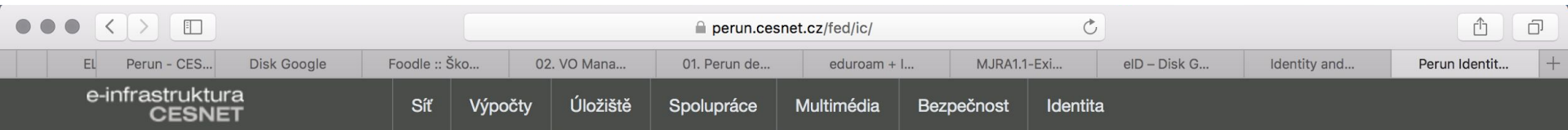
- Users import from existing identity management system (external source)
- Periodic vs. one time
- Mapping rules between Perun and external source
- Various protocols supported
  - LDAP, SQL, XML, CSV, AD, ...



# Account linking

- User can possess more identities
- Perun is able to link/unlink those identities
  - Heuristic search
- User can access Perun and its components with any of linked identity
- Identities can be transferred to end services





# Account linking example



Your current identity is

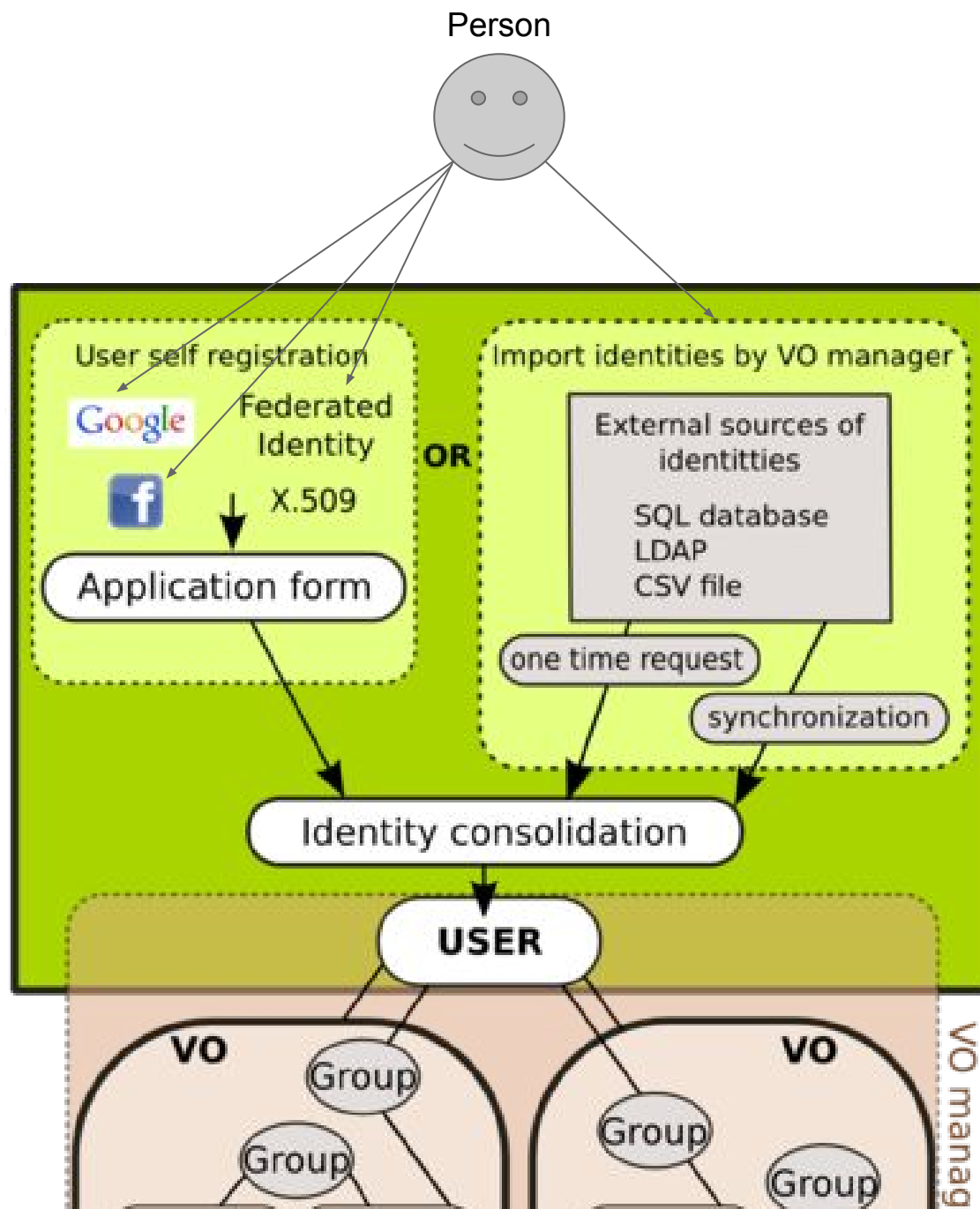
**RNDr. Michal Procházka** at CESNET, z.s.p.o.

Join with

 Institutional identity
 Personal certificate
 Kerberos login
 Social identity

Powered by  **Perun** -- © CESNET, CERIT

Support at [perun@cesnet.cz](mailto:perun@cesnet.cz)





# User's roles

- Perun admin
  - God
- VO admin
  - manages whole VO including Group and all associated entities
- Group admin
  - manages group membership
- User
  - self-management

# Live Demo

- Create a VO
- Invite member by an e-mail
- Add member from external source
- Create a group
- Add member to the group



Facility/Resource/Service Management

Michal Šťava, Michal Procházka,  
Slávek Licehammer

# Outline



- Attributes
- Facility
- Resource
- Group
- Relationship between F/R/G
- Owners, Perun services and Destinations
- gen/send/slave vs LDAP
- Examples

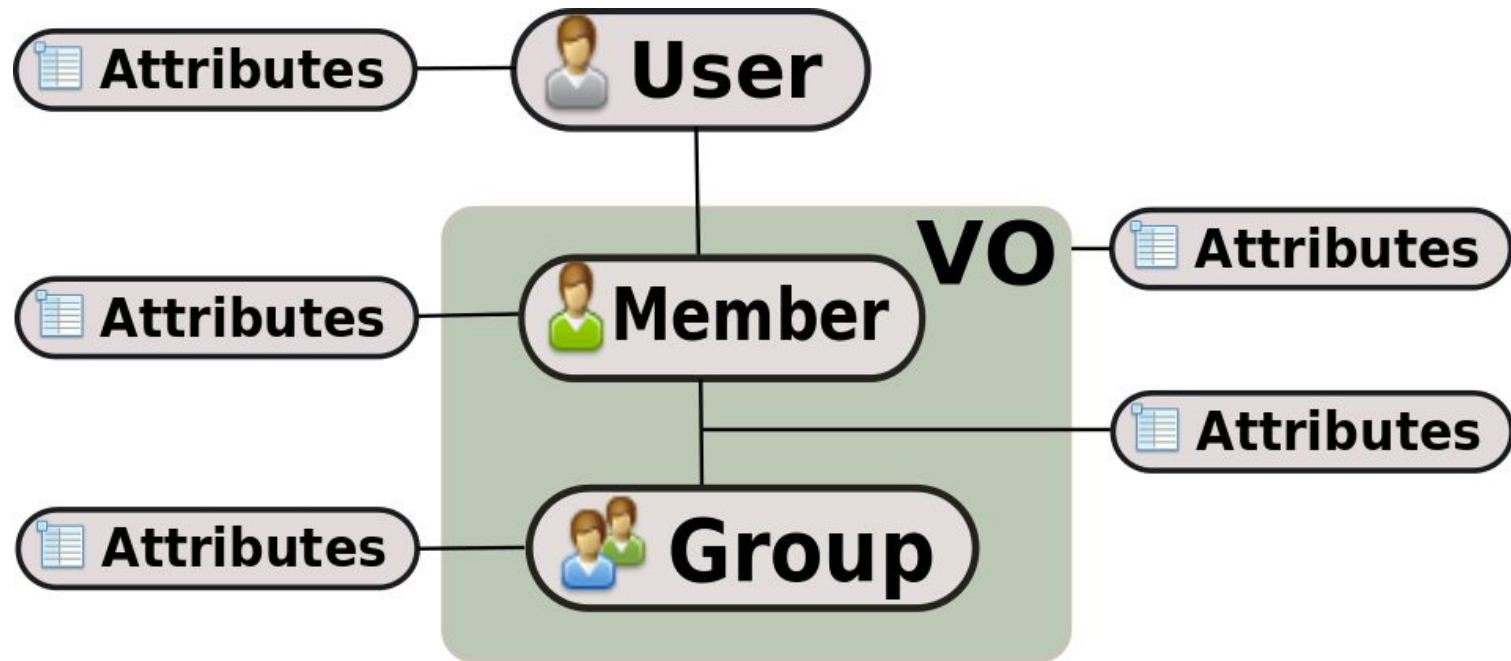


# Attributes

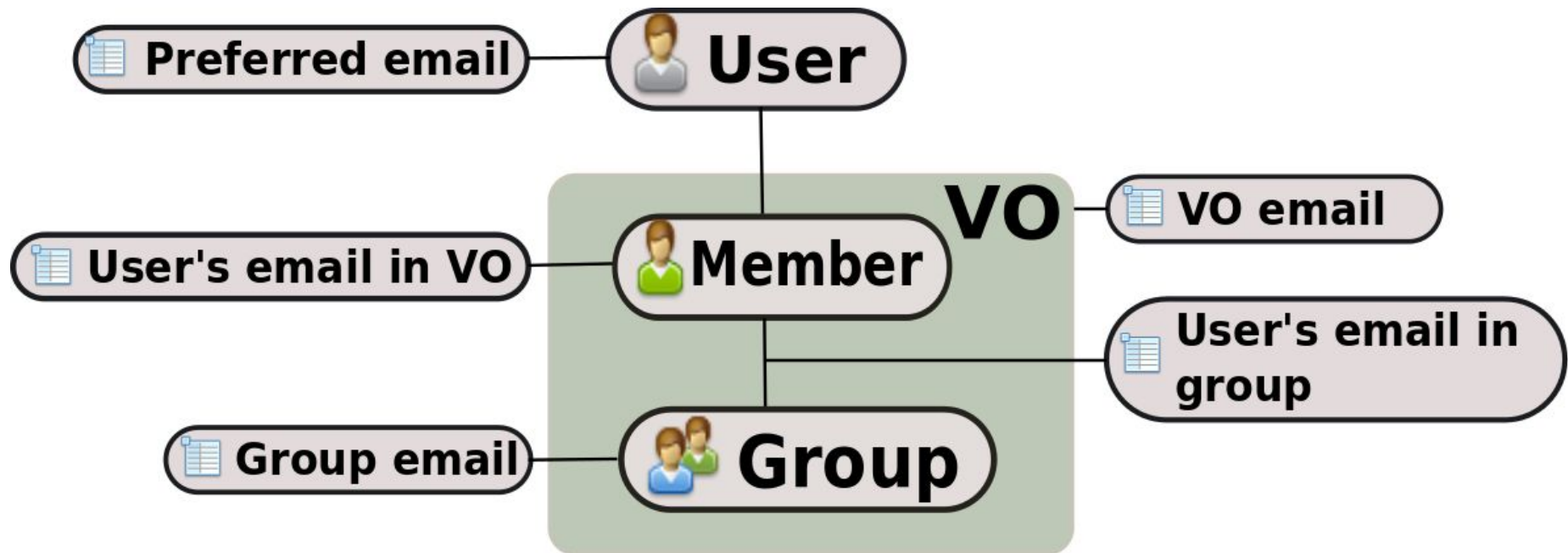


- Piece of information attached to the entities and relations among entities
- Various formats (String, Integer, List, Map)
- Attribute modules
  - Syntax checks
  - Auto-fill
  - Dependency checking
- All data in Perun can be obtained via Attributes

# Attributes



# Attributes



# Facility



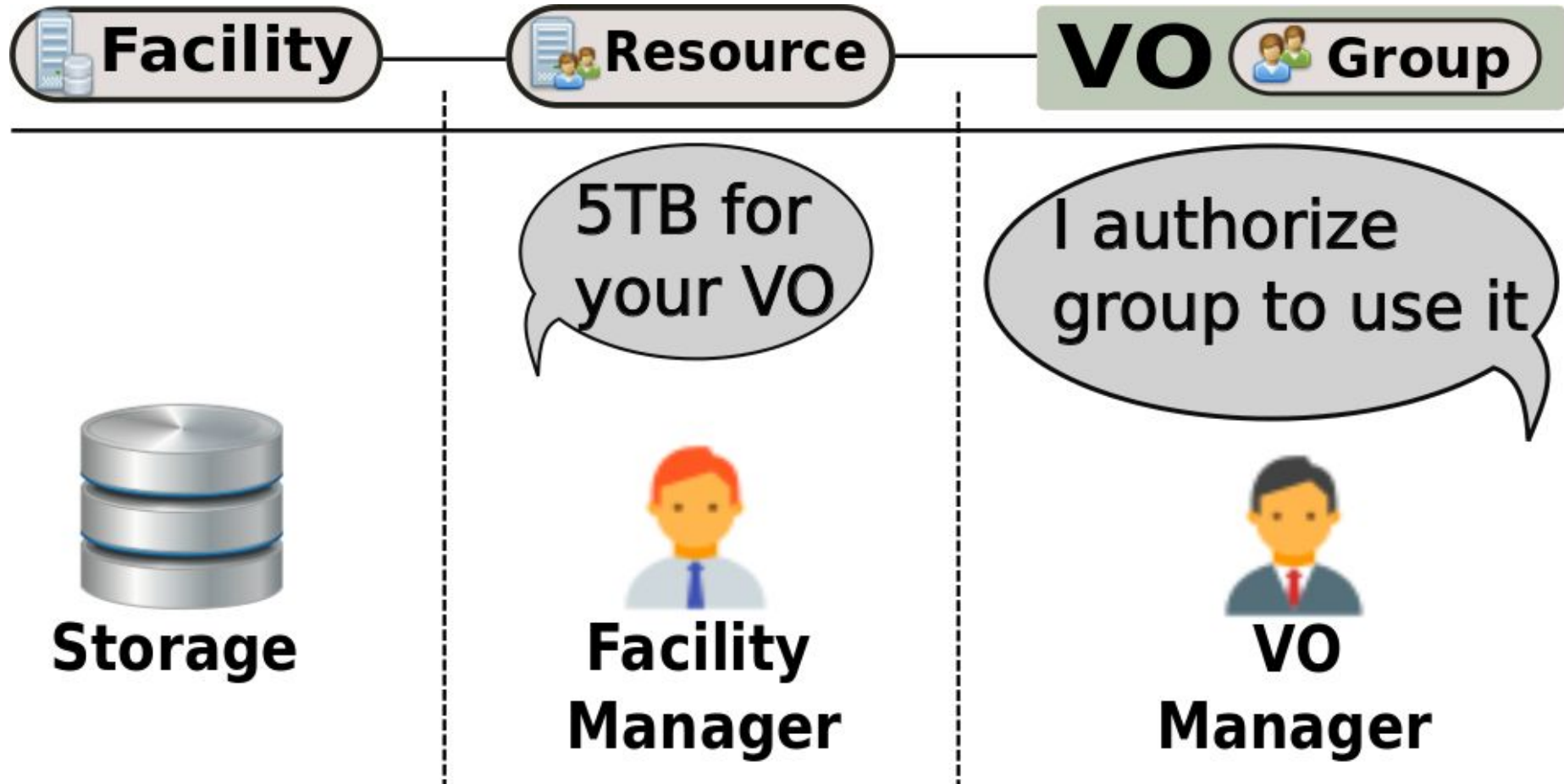
- Real world entity managed by Perun
  - physical or virtual (cluster vs mailing list)
  - homogenous configuration
- Has a set of specific attributes
- Can provide Resources to VOs
- Managed by Facility Manager

# Resource

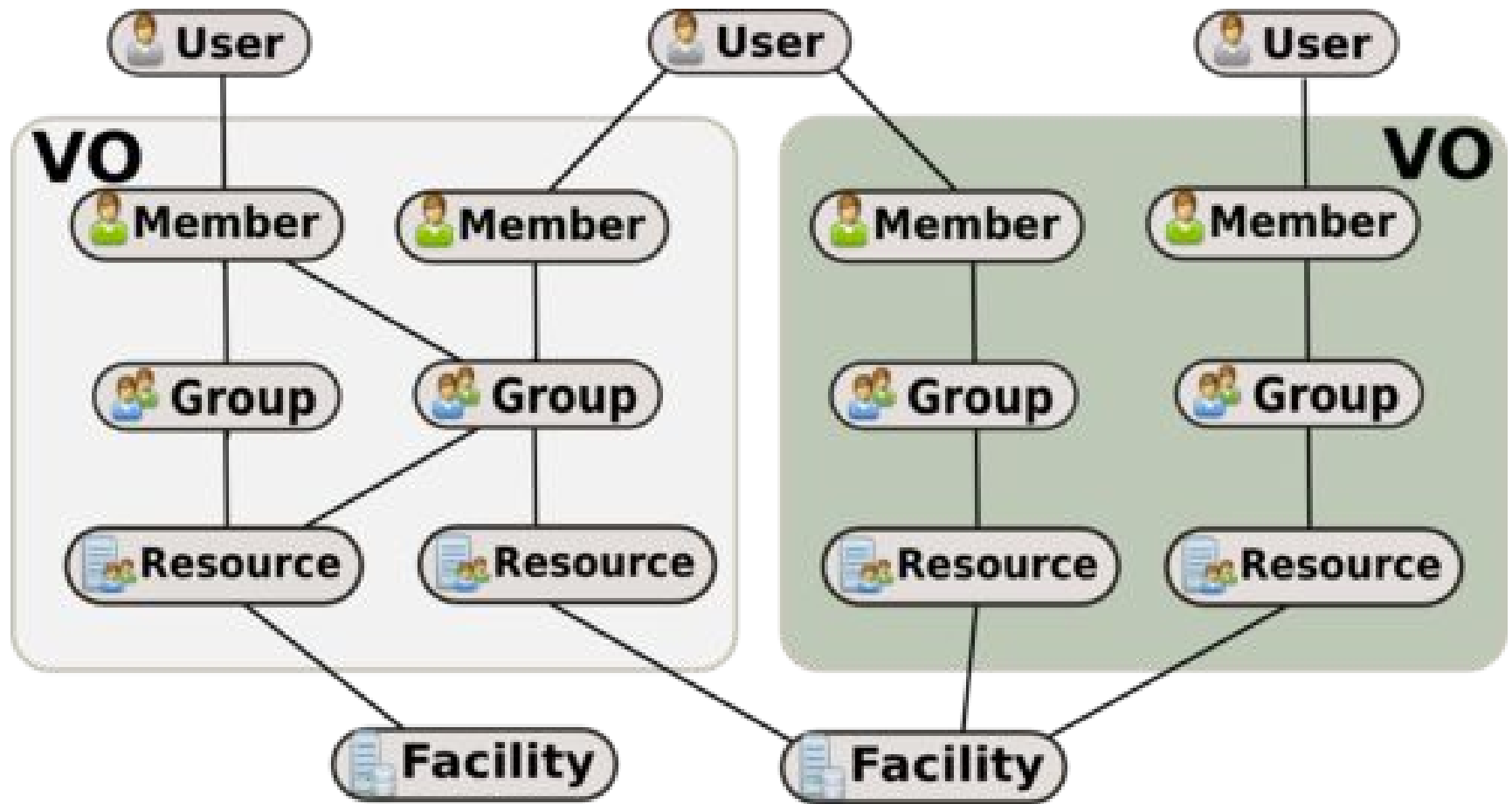


- Access to specified part of Facility for VO
- Resources are VO specific
- May restrict usage conditions (e.g.: disk quotas)
- Groups are assigned to Resources

# Facility and Resource



# Relationship



# Responsibilities



- Facility Manager:
  - creates and manages Facilities
  - creates Resources
  - assigns them to VOs
  - prepare services and other settings
- VO Manager:
  - chooses and assigns people on provided Resources
  - manages selected Resources Attributes



# Owners



- Owner is an administrative contact for Facility
- Contact to:
  - Person (not need to exists in Perun)
  - Organization
  - other
- Description or name with contact information (email, telephone number etc.)

# Perun services



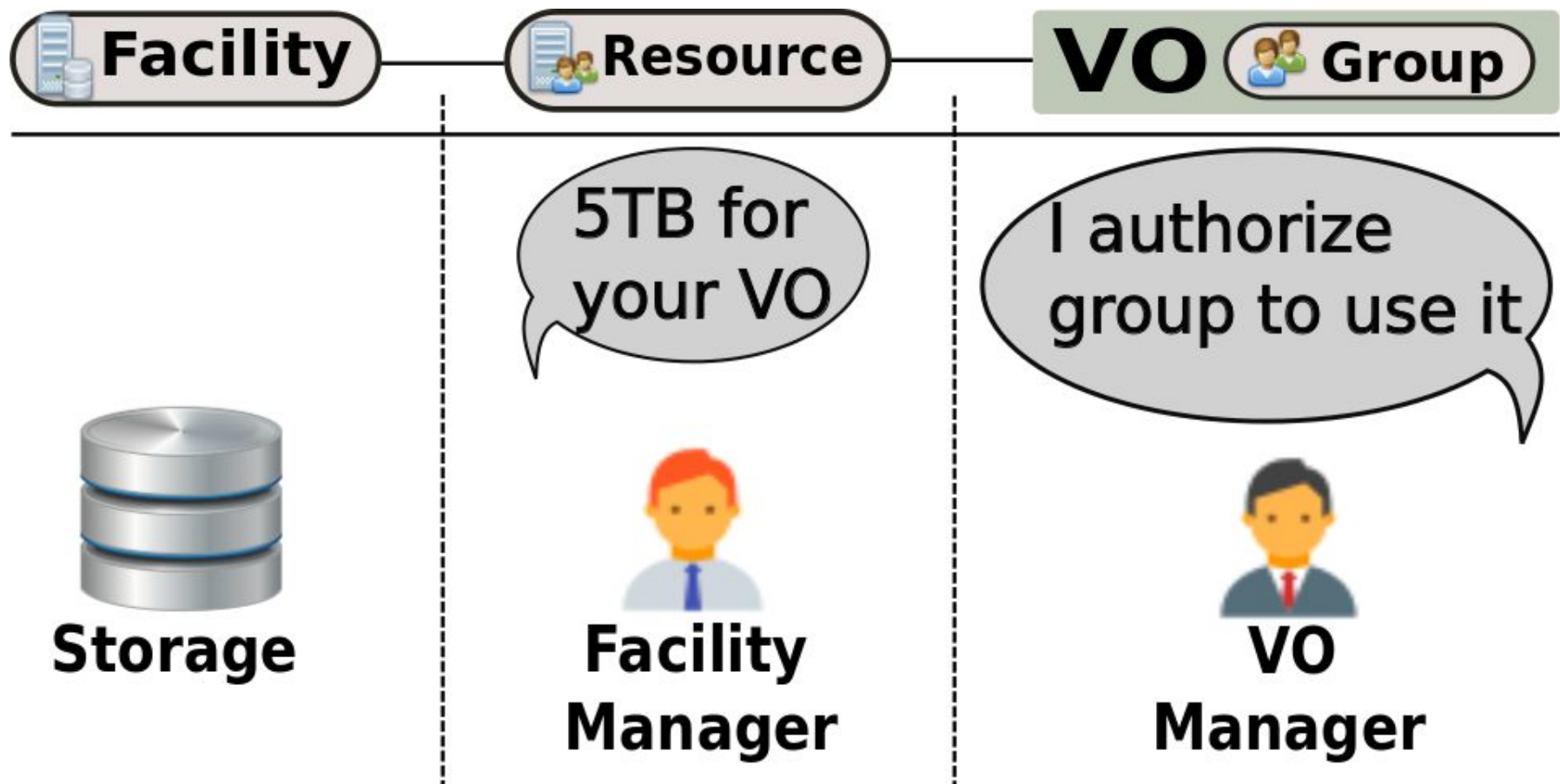
- Representation of a service on the Facility
- Script (or program) obtaining data about Perun entities assigned to the Resource
  - gen, send, slave scripts (explain later)
  - data for authorization decision support
  - saved in Attributes (user, facility etc.)
- Data for authorization are propagated to end services
  - e.g.: set unix account for all authorized users

# Destinations

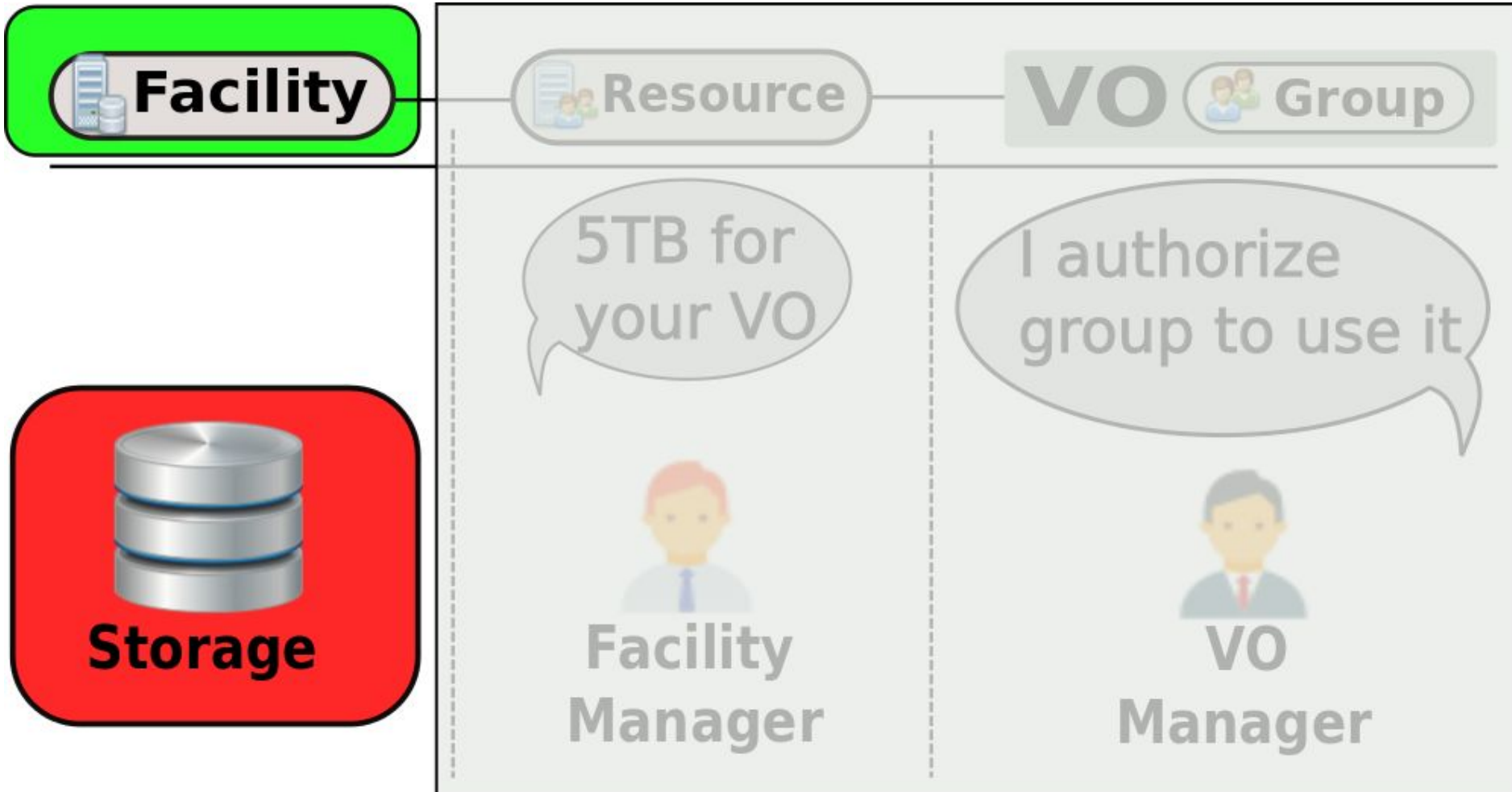


- Describe way to transfer configuration from Perun to real world entities
- Target of authorization data propagation
- Assigned to the Facility
- It is pair:
  - Perun Service
  - definition of a target propagation
- Managed by Facility Manager

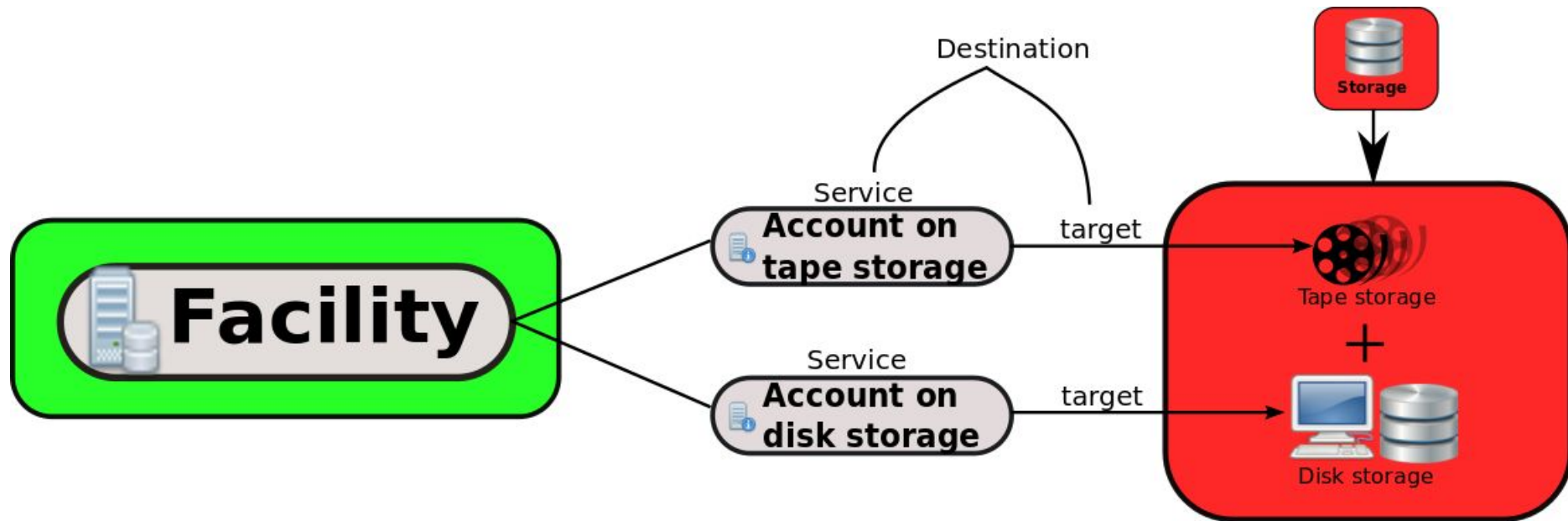
# Perun to real world mapping



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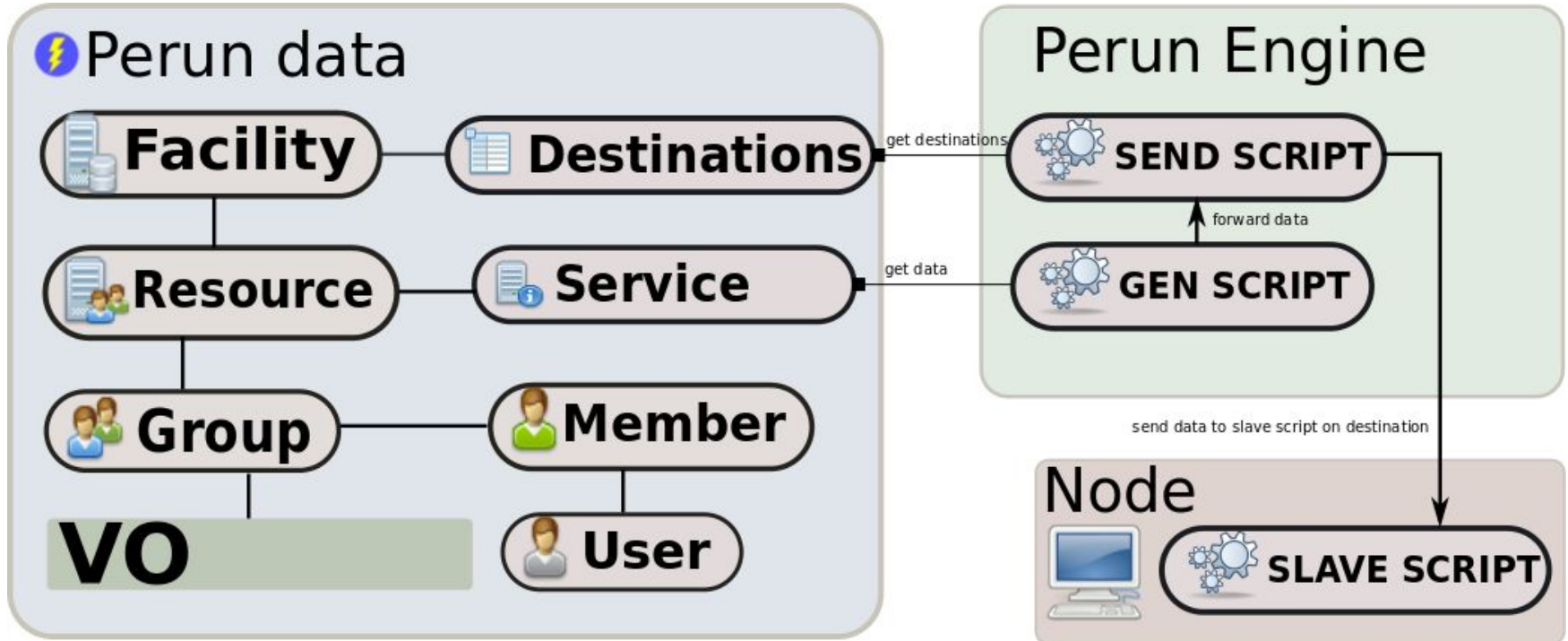


# gen/send/slave



- Most frequent propagation process
- There are 3 types of script:
  - GENERATE: generates authorization data (about Users, Groups etc.)
  - SEND: send already generated data to destinations
  - SLAVE: sits on destination, receives data from send script and process them (update web ACL, restart service etc.)
- It takes some time

# gen/send/slave



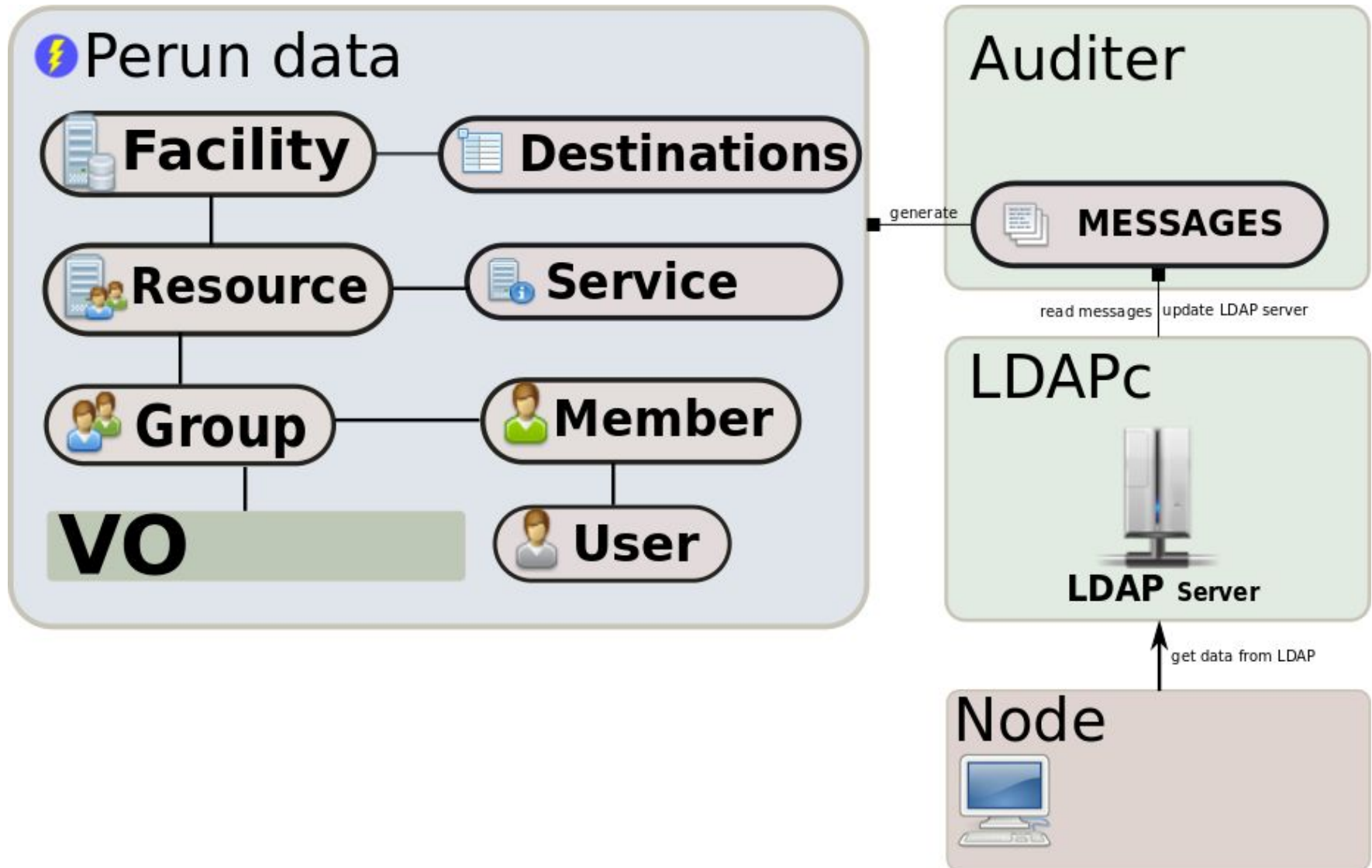


# Perun LDAP



- Another interface to Perun data
  - changes are proceeded in real time
- Consumers get rights to read specific information from the Perun LDAP
- Real time access to data in LDAP

# Perun LDAP

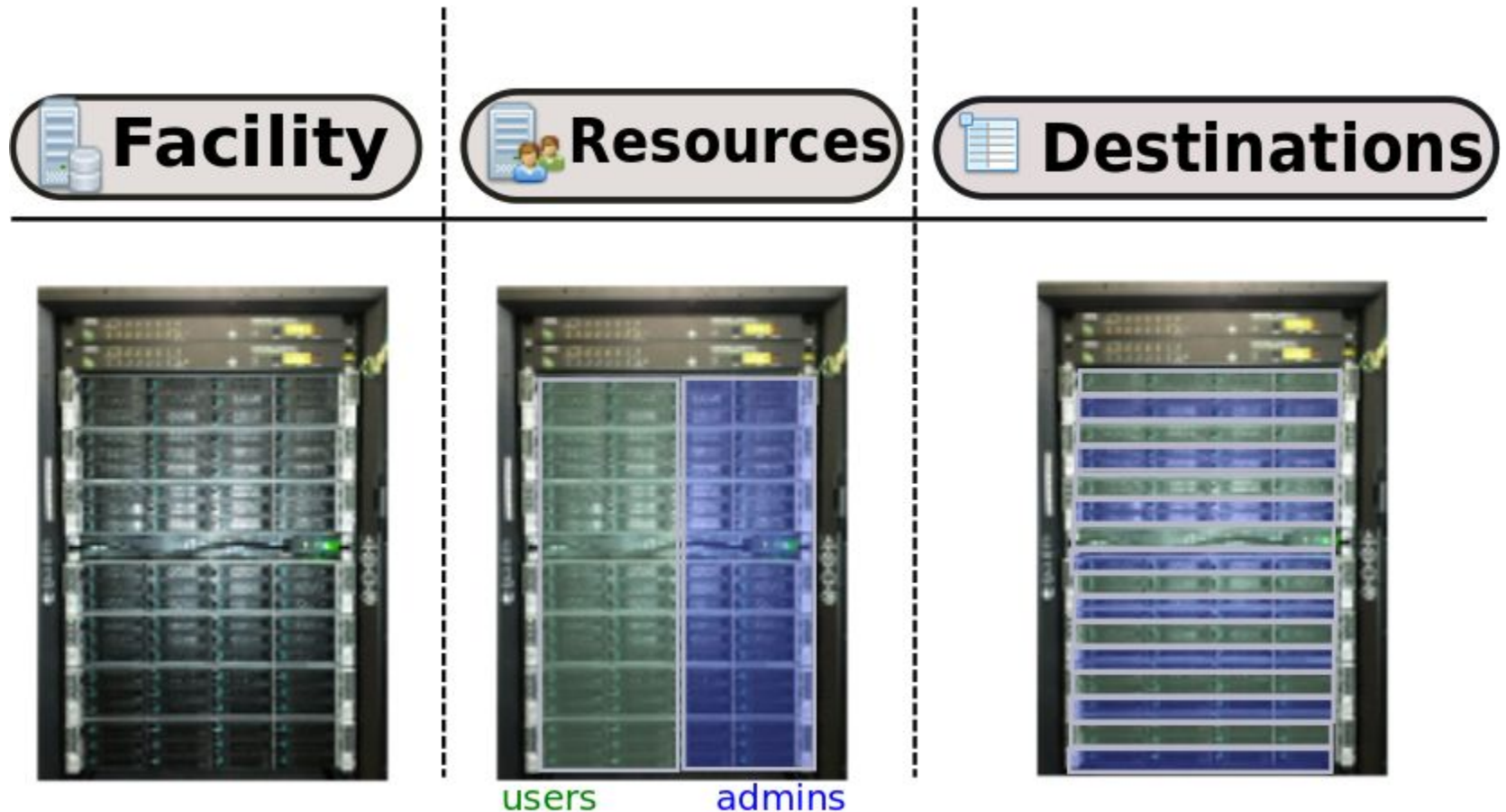


# Example 1 - Cluster management



- Facility = whole cluster (homogenous)
- Resources: (2 per VO)
  - 1 for users (unix account)
  - 1 for admins (k5login\_root)
- Destinations = all nodes of cluster
- Default options and limitations defined by Facility Manager
- Preferred options defined by Users itself
  - Using gen/send/slave mechanism

# Example 1 - Cluster management

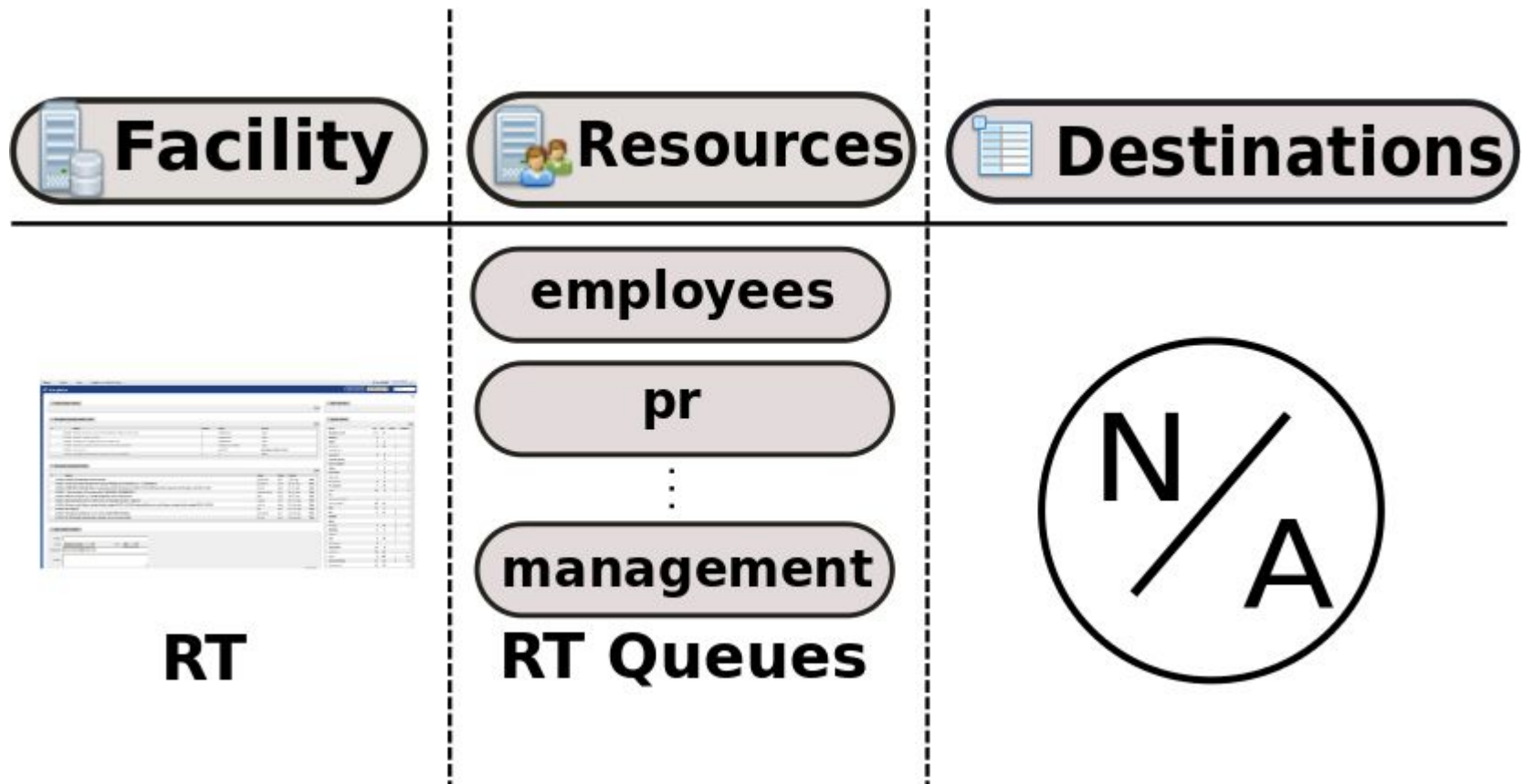


# Example 2 - RT management



- RT - Request Tracker (issue tracking system)
- Facility = RT
- Resources = Queues
- Facility Manager provides queues to chosen VO
- VO Manager can assign Groups only to provided queues
- Members from Perun are strictly synchronized with RT system
  - Using Perun LDAP mechanism

# Example 2 - RT management

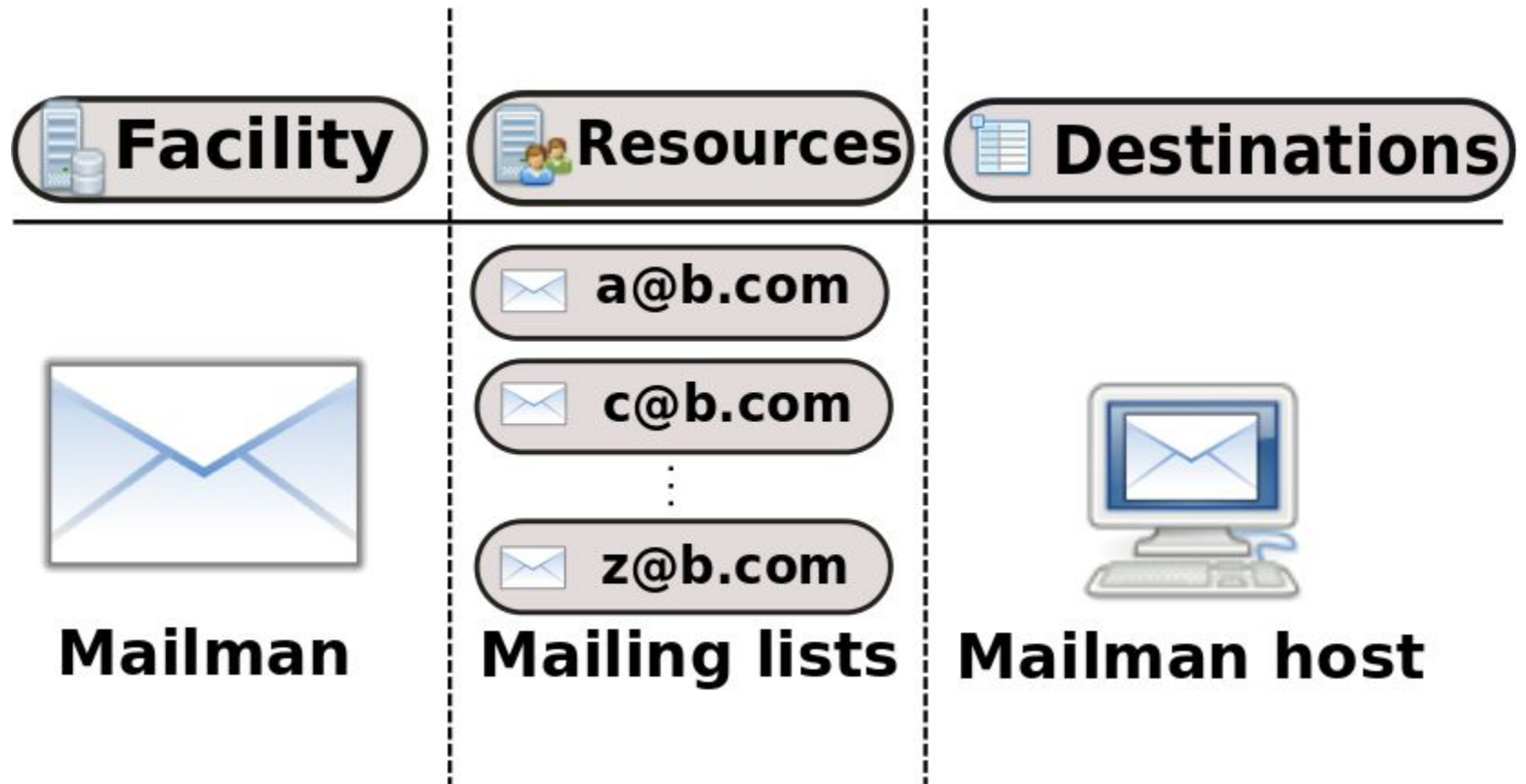


# Example 3 - Mailing lists



- Facility = Mailman or Sympa
- Resources = mailing lists
- Destinations = host with Mailman or Sympa
- Attributes = email of mailing list manager
  - Using gen/send/slave mechanism

# Example 3 - Mailing lists







## Additional Features

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Slávek Licehammer

# Outline



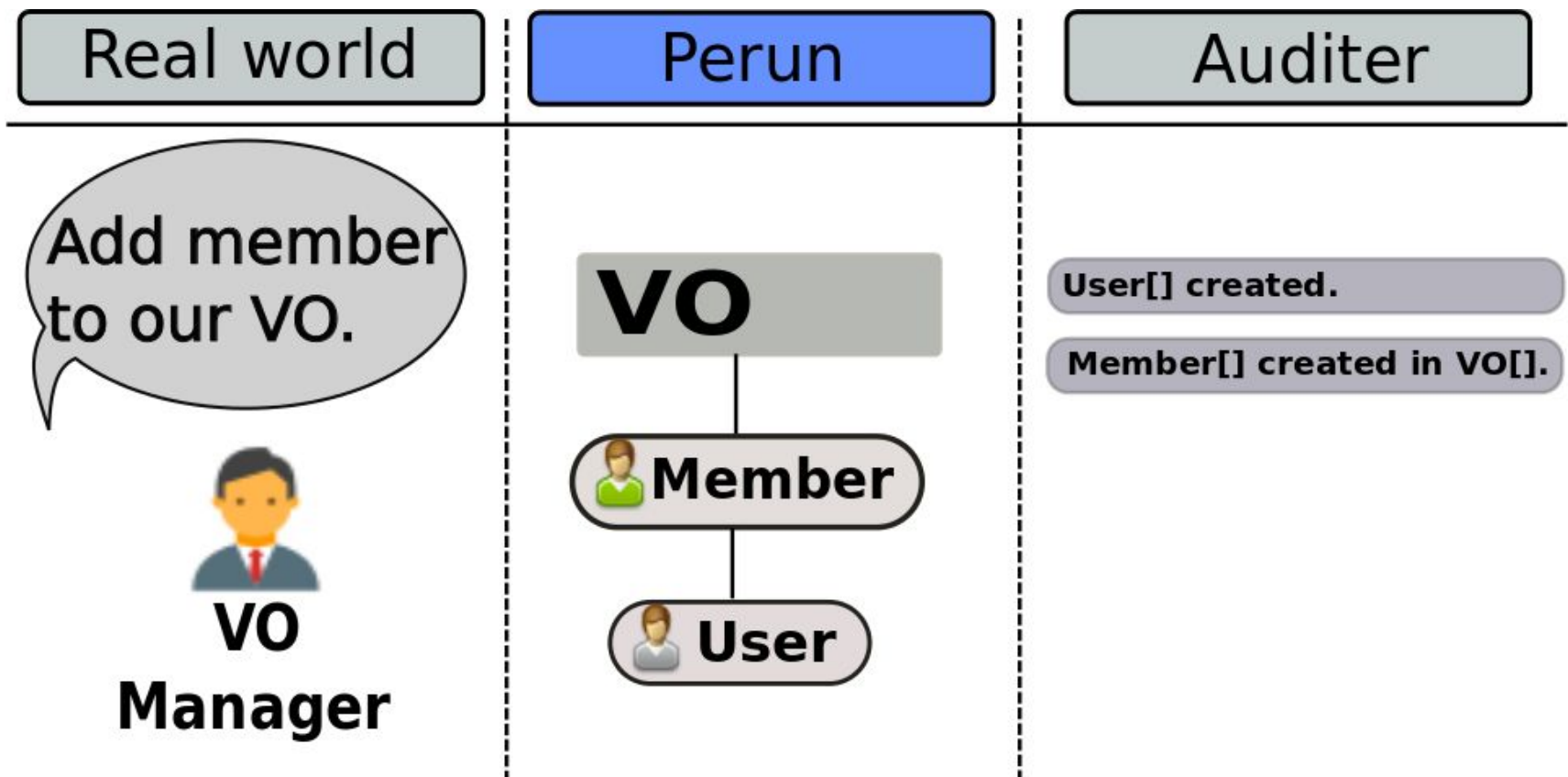
- Auditer
- Notifications
- API/Mini applications
- Service Users
- VO Observer
- Security Teams
- Facility contact groups
- Already managed by Perun

# Auditer



- Every successful operation is audited
- Auditer produces audit logs: textual representation of operation and entities involved
- Audit log can be read by consumers
- Auditer tracks consumed messages by every consumer

# Auditer

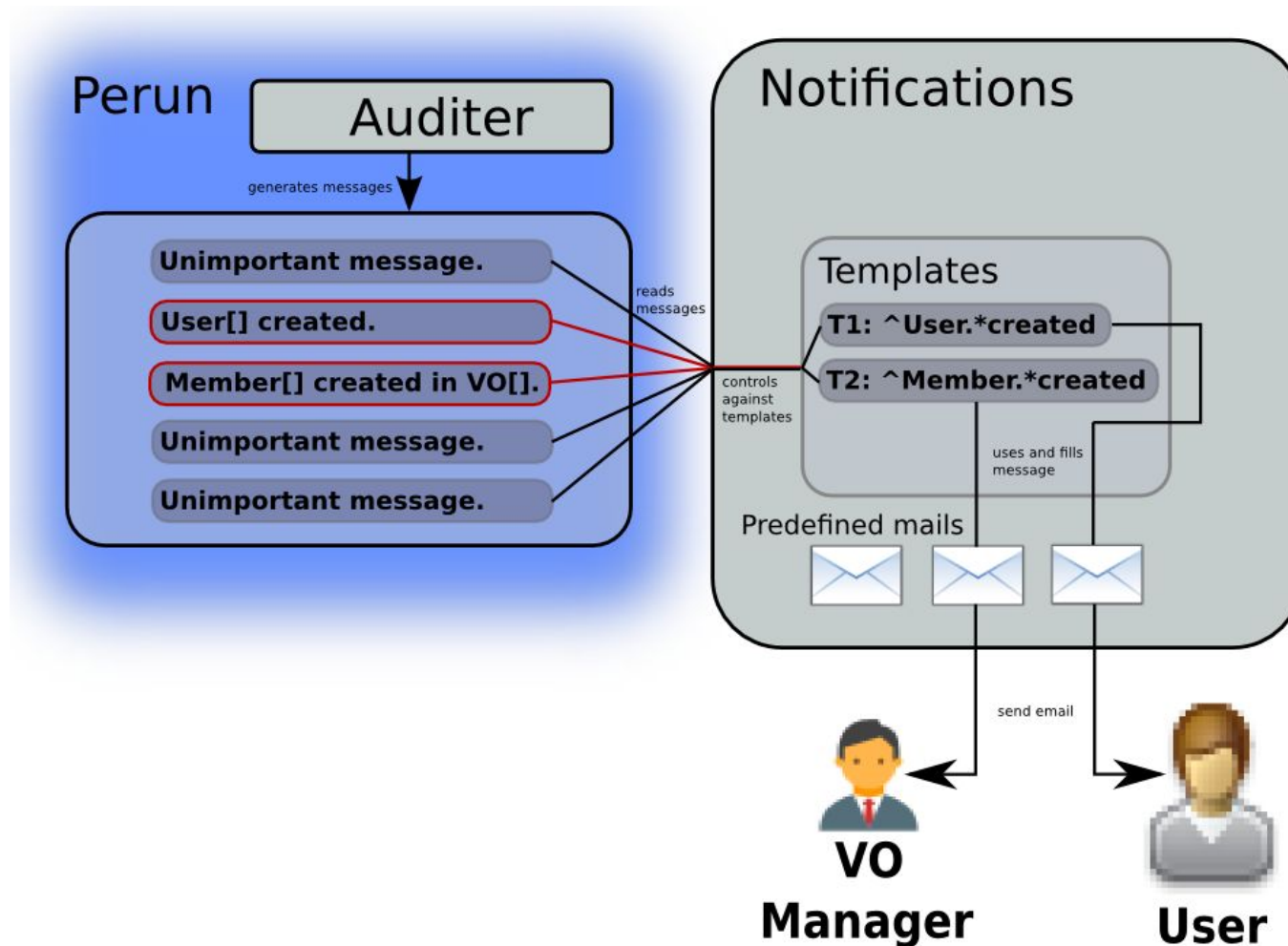


# Notifications



- Reads audit log
- Custom messages based on events occurred in audit log
- Multilingual support
- Notifications based on templates uses
  - Data from audit logs
  - Data from Perun
- Example:
  - Notification about membership expiration

# Notifications



# API/Mini applications



- Perun provides REST-like interface over HTTPs
- CLI
- Perl and PHP binding
- JavaScript library
  - Mini applications - dedicated web based applications
  - Example: user-profile

# Service Users



- Special variant of normal user
- Usually used for automatic systems
  - backuping, nagios etc.
- Don't want to lose this settings with a person is leaving (e.g.: nagios administrator)
- Normal Users are assigned to this Service User
  - they have rights to work with it, use it
  - have responsibility for this service User



# Service Users



Perun admin

Perun CESNET

Name: Michal Štáva  
Role: PERUN ADMIN Logout

VOs CESNET

VO manager

Select VO  
CESNET  
Members  
Groups  
Resources  
Applications  
Application form  
Resource tags  
Resources state  
Settings  
Managers  
External sources

Group manager  
Facility manager  
User

CESNET ID: 81 Short name: cesnet

Overview **Members** Groups Resources Applications

+ Add - Remove + Create service member

Member Id User Id Status Name

Search member

1 2 3

Create service member

**1. Create service identity**

Member's name: Name

Member's email: email@cesnet.cz

Namespace: EINFRA

Login: service-user-for-test

User cert DN: /DN/OF/CERT

CA cert DN: /CA/DN/CERT

Optional Continue

# VO Observer



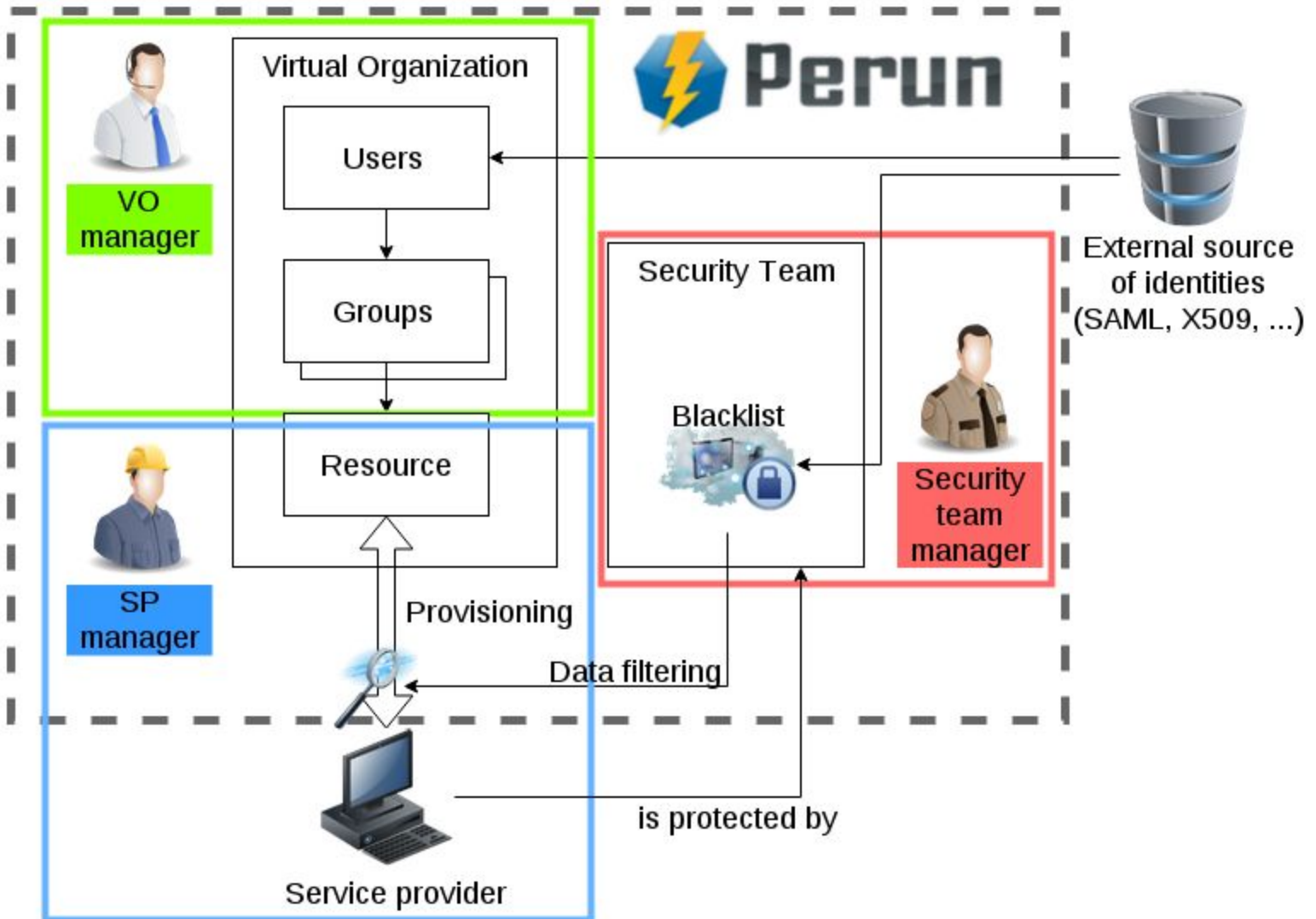
- Role in the Perun system
- Similar to VO Manager
- Can read the same data
- Can't modify anything
- For the User support purpose
  - e.g.: bad settings of User's attributes
- For the supervisors
  - statistics, overview etc.

# Security Teams



- Entity in Perun
  - has managers
  - publish blacklist of users
- Every Facility can assign one or more Sec. Teams
  - has to trust in the Team
- Blacklisted users are:
  - not propagated by Services to Destinations
  - or marked there

# Security Teams (2)



# Facility contact groups



- For evidence and information purpose
- 'group' of contacts with description assigned to the Facility
- Contacts about:
  - Users
  - Groups
  - Owners
- Will enhance Owners (better linking with Perun Users)

# Managed by CESNET's Perun



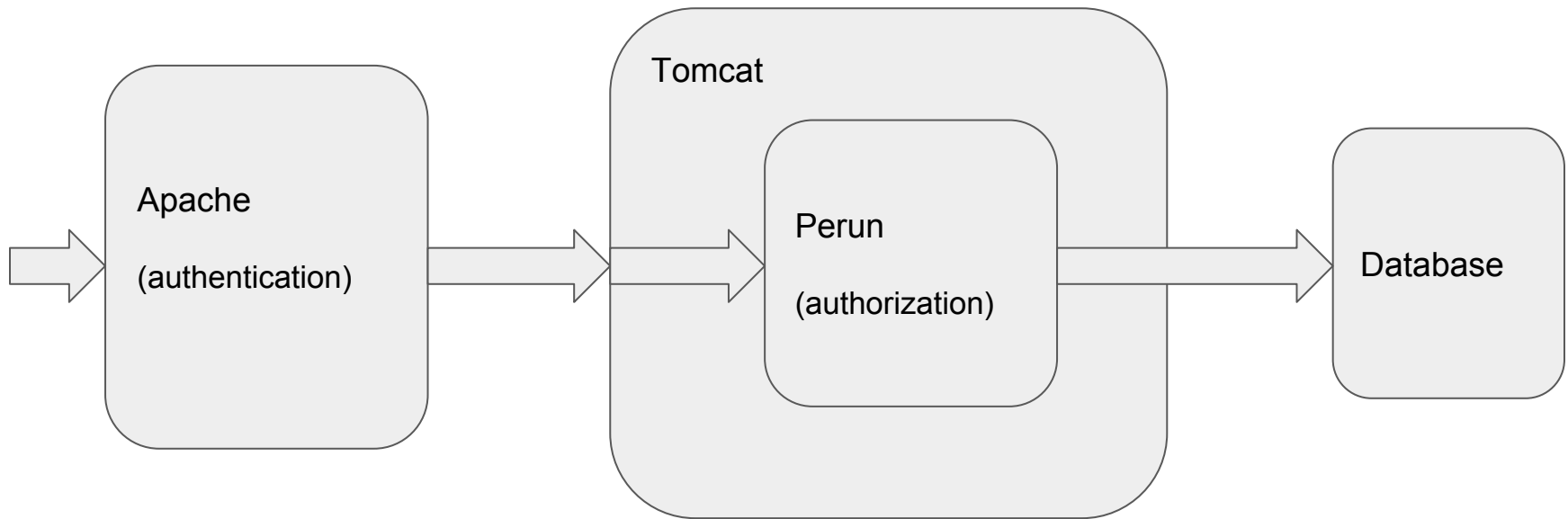
- Attribute Authority
- Mailing lists
- MetaCentrum (Czech NGI)
- DÚ
- VŠB VMware
- Alternative passwords
- Meetings
- EGI fedCloud
- RT



Components, Configuration and Deployment

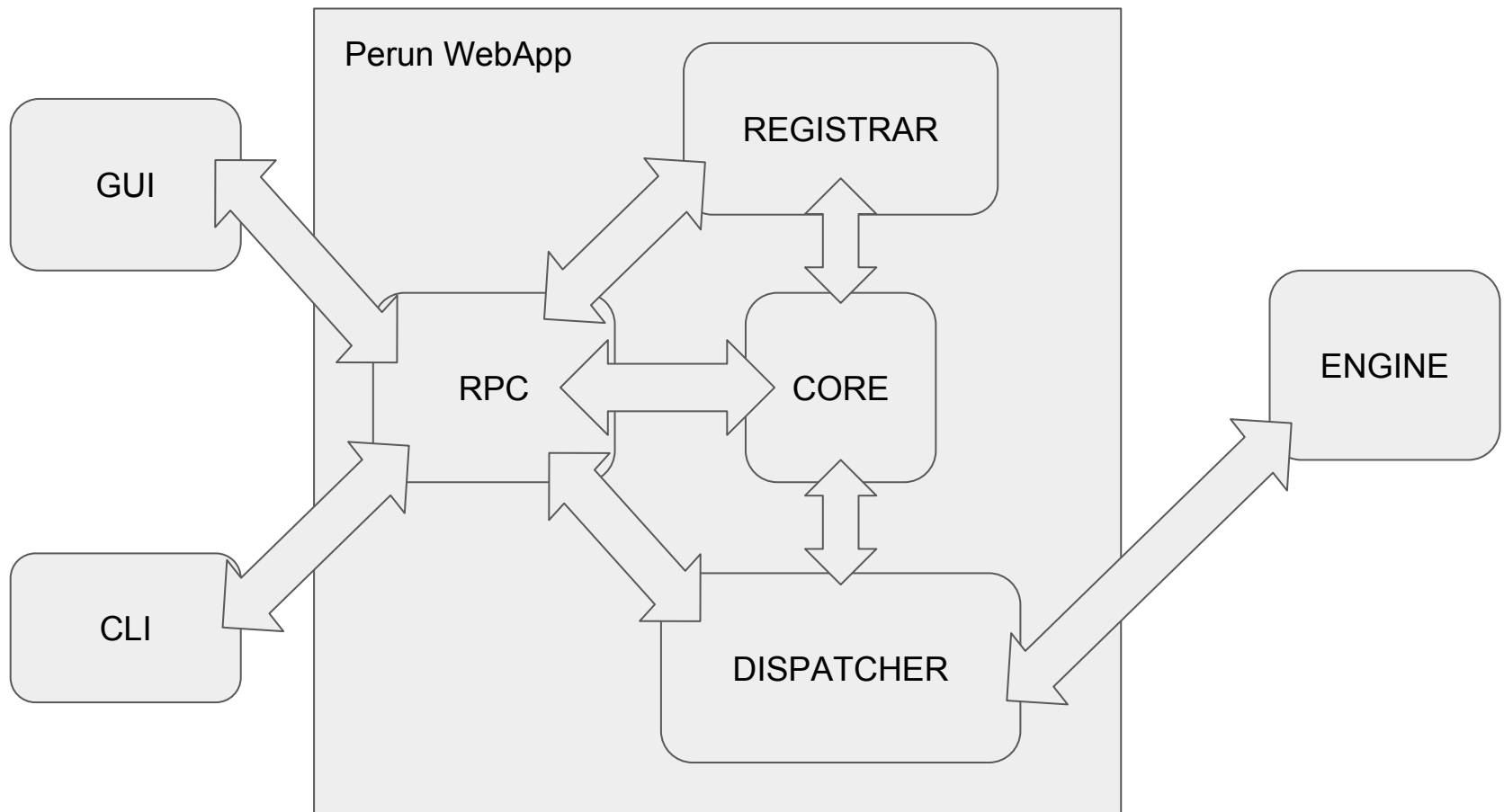
Slávek Licehammer  
Michal Procházka, Michal Šťava

# Global Schema





# Internal Schema





# Perun WebApp contains

- Base (object definitions, utils)
- Core (users, groups, resources, services logic)
- Cabinet (publications management)
- Registrar (user enrollment management)
- Dispatcher (ACL provisioning planning)
- RPC (REST-like interface to Perun)



# GUI component

- JavaScript based web application
- GUI contains
  - administration GUI
  - Registrar GUI
  - password reset GUI
- Mini-applications



# Configuration

- Defined on build (*/etc/perun/*), can be overridden on runtime
- Each module can have own config (*/etc/perun/module-name.properties*)



# Logging

- Logging defined in */etc/perun/log4j.xml*
- Default log files are in */var/log/perun/module-name.log*



Development and sustainability

Michal Šťava, Michal Procházka,  
Slávek Licehammer

# Outline



- Team development
- Methodology
- Development
- Deployment
- Documentation
- Bug reports and feature requests

# Team development



- CESNET and Masaryk University cooperation
- 6 core team developers and some MU students
- Sharing responsibilities
- Service development with other people
  - Zdeněk Šustr, František Dvořák, Jiří Ráž, Michal Strnad, Jan Horníček etc.



# Methodology



- Agile development
  - Iterative development
  - Extreme programming
  - Task/Feature Driven Development
- Rolling updates
- Weekly meetings (Jiří Bořík, Michal Voců)

# Development



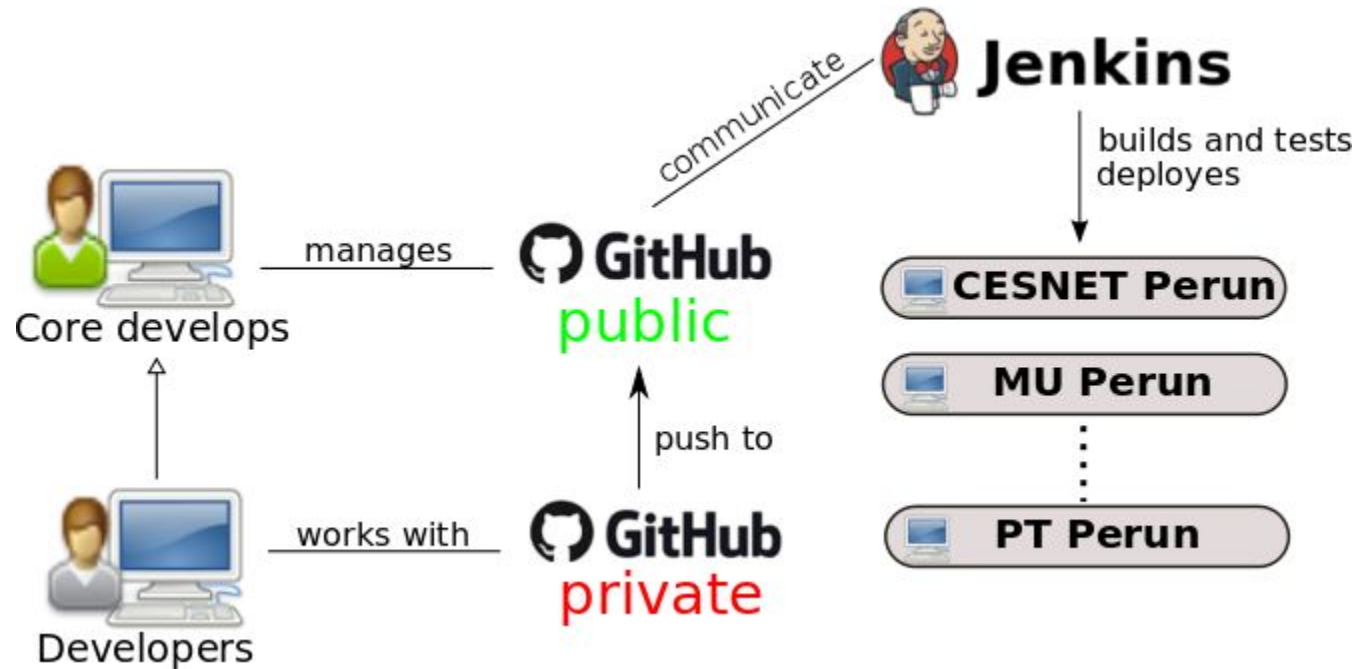
- Driven by GIT
- Open GitHub repository
- Everyone can send pull request
  - validated by Perun core team
- Testing every pull request
  - connection between GIT and Jenkins
- Usage of advanced GIT features
  - branches, cherry picking, pull requests etc.

# Deployment



- Driven by Jenkins
- Code is tested automatically
- Easy testing every build against:
  - Oracle DB
  - PostgreSQL
  - HSQLDB
- Automatic deployment
- Notify about failed builds
- Build history

# Development diagram



# Documentation



- For Users ([perun.cesnet.cz](http://perun.cesnet.cz))
  - basic use cases
  - advanced use cases
- For Technical purpose ([perun.cesnet.cz](http://perun.cesnet.cz))
  - API (CLI, GUI etc.)
- Internal (redmine)

# Bug reports and feature requests



- Request Tracker (rt.cesnet.cz)
  - for users requests and issues
  - need of quick reaction
  - automatic reports of errors from GUI
- Redmine
  - internal tasks
  - development plan



Perun in the World

Slávek Licehammer  
Michal Procházka, Michal Šťava

# Production deployments



- CESNET's eInfrastructure
- Masaryk University
- EGI fedCloud
- ELIXIR AAI
- SAGrid



# Testing deployments



- Portuguese NREN
- VŠUP
- GARR CloudIdP
- Eko-Connect Nigeria
- SIFULAN Malaysia



<http://perun.cesnet.cz>

[michalp@ics.muni.cz](mailto:michalp@ics.muni.cz) [michal.stava@cesnet.cz](mailto:michal.stava@cesnet.cz)